of the decision delivered at Toledo. Few people appreciate the great care which is exercised in phrasing legislation by Con-

AMERICANS ARE CARELESS. They Do Not Put Up Their Goods in a Neat and Substantial Manner.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 .- Our consular and commercial agents in all parts of the world are constantly calling the attention of American exporters to the fact that we labor under many disadvantages wherever We compete with English, French and German producers by falling to put up our goods in an attractive form. American greceries are especially at a disadvantage when they come in competition with some other manufacturers and packers, because the European goods are put up in a delicate, clean and showy way, and present a most attractive appearance. It has become an old trick for French and British, and occasionally German exporters, to secure American goods and, repacking them, give them their own brand. The American article is in itself superior, but it does not have about it the attractiveness which characterizes the products of its competitors.

About the sharpest contrast between the American and European product which has been drawn by any of our consular or commercial agents has just been received from Consul Monaghan, at Chemnitz, Germany. He presents photographs of three ordinary bales of cotton received in Germany from as many countries-the United States, Inthe second 400 and the third 700 pounds. The American bale has burst its coverings and has bulged out from the top almost to the bottom, so that it looks like a snow The Indian bale is as solid and trim and intact as a plug of tobacco, while the Egyptian bale, which was originally somewhat larger than the one from our country, stands upright and in good form, with its hcop-iron in perfect order. The comparison shows painful carelessness upon the part of the American baler and shipper.

BY HOKE SMITH. Indianians Who Have Been Either Dismissed or Given Office.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 .- Indiana Republicans in office here have been punished severely on account of their politics ever since President Cleveland entered the White House. The fact that they were under the civil-service law, were within the classified list, made no difference. Shortly after Secretary Hoke Smith assumed control of the Interior Department he issued orders that no information should be given the press by any one under him relating to appointments, dismissals, reductions, promotions, etc., in the Interior Department. To-day, from the books of the Civil-service Commission, a list of the names of Indiana employes under the Interior Department who have been apointed to office, removed or changed about under the Interior Department was obtained. It is as follows:

Republican examiners dismissed in the Pension Office-John J. Hawes, Charles B. Robbins, Samuel Frazee, Joseph M. Du-four, M. A. Gelwick, Martin L. Bundy, E. Republicans dismissed from the Pension Office-Richard Durnan, W. H. Gobrecht, Robert S. Richart. Reductions in the Pension Office-F. W. Rowkes, Mrs. Lizzie Trussler, Joseph Y. Resignations in the Pension Office-Silas Colgrove, J. C. Greenawalt, A. A. Holmes, A. H. Davis, E. P. Elliott. Promotions of Democrats in the Pension

Office-N. W. Halley, Allen Jaqua, J. J. Office promotions-James R. Pension Fritts, Frank McClelland, E. C. Steele.

Promotions in Geological Survey—Paul
Holman, son of Representative William S.

Miscellaneous appointments-J. W. Archer, Raymond Flasch, J. J. Parker.

Democrats reinstated-J. H. Shouse, M.

MORE THAN THE REVENUES. Total Estimates of Appropriations for

the Next Fiscal Year.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 .- The clerks of the Senate and House committees on appropriations have prepared a table showing the estimates and appropriations for the year 1894, and making a comparison with the estimates of 1895, as submitted by the Treasury Department. The total appropriation for the year 1894 were \$519,504,359. The total estimates for 1895 are \$496,306,789. The total estimates of revenues for the year 1895 are \$450,427,748. The excess of estimated appropriations, exclusive of deficiencies and miscellaneous appropriations over the estimated revenues of 1895, are \$41,879,041. Chairman Sayres, of the appropriation committee, intimates that the appropriations will be somewhat less than the estimates

The Secretary of the Treasury has sent to Congress an estimate for improvements for rivers and harbors amounting to \$3,415,-600, in addition to the estimates heretofore furnished for the year 1894-95. Of this sum \$2,665,000 is to be used in improvement of the Mississippi river, from the head of the passes to the Ohio river, and \$750,000 for the improvement of the Missouri from its mouth to Sioux City, Ia.

FINANCIAL LEGISLATION.

The National Bank Bill to Be Reported to the House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.-The subcommittee of the House committe on banking and currency has agreed to report favorably the bill allowing national banks to issue circulating notes to the full amount of bonds deposited to secure circulation. It is now mown definitely what the committee will o upon the bill to repeal the ten-per-cent. tax on State banks. This bill will be reported as soon as a vote in committee is reached. Of the seventeen members of the committee, the six Republicans and Representatives Springer and Sperry will vote against reporting the bill. Representative Johnson, of Ohio, who was supposed to be doubtful, says that he is against the repeal of the tax, but will report it favorably from the committe in order to get it before the House. He thinks that with a matter of this importance, in which so many members are interested, the question should be brought before the House for consideration, but he will reserve the right to vote against the bill on the floor of the House. Mr. Johnson believes that because there was no mention of the bill in the President's message it has lost considerable support. Several members who were for repeal before the message have expressed themselves since as being indifferent, or believing that it would not be wise to pass the measure

Waite's Scheme Unlawful.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.-Acting Secretary Curtis, of the Treasury Department, to-day intimated very plainly that the government would interfere should any attempt be made to give practical effect to the suggestion of Governor Waite, of Colorado, that Colorado make a silver legal tender and provide for its free coinage at a State mint. Mr. Curtis said that Governor Waite knew very well that the United States alone has the right to coin money, and that the coinage by the State would be contrary to the Constitution. The Attorney-general, he added, would be asked for advice as to the proper course to take should occasion require action, which he did not think would be needed.

Republican Advisory Committee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7. - Senator Sherman, chairman of the Republican caucus, has announced the membership of the Republican advisory committee of the Senate, which is to consist of Senators Allison, Hale, Aldrich, Cullom, Dolph, Manderson, Washburn, Quay and Dubois. The duties of the committee are indicated by its name. They are to be of the same nature as the duties of the Democratic steering | the nasal. One of the best-informed women committee, though the Republican members object to that designation. It is understood that the Republicans of the Senate are preparing for an aggressive fight in the Senate, and that the appointment of this committee is the first step toward organization for it.

Pythians Will Get What They Want. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.-General Carnahan and his Pythian staff have gone to New York, whence they go to their homes direct. The Senate to-day passed a joint messure giving the Knights the use of the monument grounds and the "white lot" for their encampment here next August, and the House will act promptly upon it. Gen. Carnahan said before leaving here that the putlook for a great meeting here next year I ting down.

could not be better. He predicted a big attendance from Indiana.

After Asphalt Deposits. WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 .- The House committee on Indian affairs has a number of bills before it, and the intention of the chairman, Mr. Holman, is to commence active work as soon as possible. Probably the most important measure is the bill introduced by Delegate Rawlins, of Utah, for relinquishment of a portion of the Uintah and Uncompangre reservation in Utah. It is claimed that asphalt deposits, which are very valuable, are found on the lands proposed to be ceded.

McGlynn Would Not Talk. BROOKLYN, Dec. 7.-Rev. Dr. McGlynn was seen at his residence in Brooklytt by reporter. He refused to either confirm or deny the report that he was a candidate for

General Notes.

States to Italy.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 .- J. W. Barrett was to-day appointed postmaster at Lapel, Madison county, vice W. H. Walker re-Editor J. K. Newcomber, of Delaware,

O., is here trying to get the office of postmaster at that city. Charges of a political character have been filed against the incumbent, whose commission does not expire under two years. The suggestion by the Paris Bering sea tribunal of arbitration that sealing be prohibited for a period of several years, so that the seal herd may be replemshed, will meet with objection from the North American Commercial Company, which has the contract for taking seals on the islands of St. Paul and St. George. The company asks an opportunity to be heard should i be thought desirable to put the sugges tions of the tribunal into practical effect. It is expected that several months will elapse before the pension case of Judge Long, of Michigan, against Commission of Pensions Lochren will be on trial. The case may, however, be made special and be brought before the court at any time. The proceedings of the general courtmartial in the case of Capt. D. F. Stiles, recently tried in Oklahoma on charges connected with the land rush, which have been received at the War Department, are said not to sustain a single charge made. Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, accompanied by a number of the members of his staff and several State officers, called upon the President by appointment at 1 o'clock to-The children of the late General Shields, whose statue was unveiled yesterday, were of the party, as were also Congressman Springer and ex-Congressman Lawler.

The Senate judiciary committee has not received formal charges from M. C. Day against the confirmation of Mr. Hornblower as Justice of the United States Supreme Court. It is possible the charges may have been placed in the hands of individual membut no member of the committee could be found to confirm the report, The Interior Department has received no information of a reported outbreak among the Navajo Indians in northwest Arizona, and it is not believed by the officials that any disturbance has taken place or is im-mirent.

AN ILLINOIS CRANK.

He Wants 10,000 Men to Meet Him on

the Lake Front at Chicago. CHICAGO, Dec. 7 .- Circulars have been scattered about Chicago, signed by John Westgarth, a farmer of Lily Lake, Kane county, Illinois, calling on workingmen to meet him, ten thousand strong, on the lake front, Chicago, on Dec. 12. The men are requested to come mounted and armed, and to meet Westgarth at the break of day. The circular closes as follows: "Sound no warning note; come quietly; come not to seek the reason why; come to ask the reason why; come prepared to do and die, to the end that the lake front may be dedicated to popular assemblages for chaste utterance, liberating the deep, the mellow tones which must trouble the slumber of a rock-hearted aristocracy, while vigilance may yet find one unkempt child or perish ing soul. Yours to the end of the chapter "JOHN WESTGARTH." The police promptly suppressed the cir-culars, and notified the authorities of Kane county to look out for Westgarth, who i said by his acquaintances to be a "crank. If he sets foot inside Chicago's limits the police will meet him with a patrol wagon.

GOULD AND ZELLA. Rumor that the Millionaire Has Had

the Woman Indicted. NEW YORK, Dec. 7 .- It is rumored that George J. Gould has had Mrs. Zella Nicolaus, who is suing him for \$40,000, indicted for attempted blackmail, but official information could not be obtained at the district attorney's office regarding the

Mr. Christman and the Lytle Woman. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal As a matter of simple justice to myself, I ask you to publish this communication. In your issue of the 7th inst. a correspondent from Wabash connects my name with the Lytle woman, who entered suit for \$40,000 against George Gould. It is true this woman did attempt to blackmail me and entered suit for that purpose, but on finding my determination to resist her in the courts, and after the trial had been set for three different dates, she failed to enter an appearance, and the case was summarily dismissed by his Honor Judge Connor. of the Wabash Circuit Court. This should be, for me, ample vindication and save me from such reference as appears in your

issue of the 7th inst. Gas City, Ind., Dec. 7.

Governor McKinley's Industry. E. Jay Edwards, in McClure's Magazine. Besides possessing the logical mind, Governor McKinley has acquired the habits of patience, industry, and a capacity to submit to drudgery which is fully appreciated only by those who know what the preparation of a tariff bill involves. This is un questionably an acquired talent; for Mc Kinley, by nature, had some tendency. if not to indolence, at least to easy manner of life. But when he made the proclamation and maintenance of protection his serious business, he knew the dreary drudgery that was before him; he knew that no other policy of government compels such incessant labor, constant watchfulness, wide reading, and all-reaching comprehension of all the energies which go to make American life as does the mas-

If McKinley had been seen by the American people when he was engaged in acquiring and applying knowledge, he would have been discovered at his committee rooms sometimes eight or ten hours a day, or in consultation with his committee at his private rooms often until long past midnight. He would have been seen exploring the mysteries of chemistry, reading the reports of trade associations; sometimes with great volumes massed up before him through which he searched with the penetrating industry of one who compiles history; and in addition to these duties was his occupation upon the floor of the House. Such laby as this is exceeded by that of no lawyer preparing briefs, no physician making research into disease, no merchant in his counting room; and it puts to the highest test the capacity of a man for dreary drudgery.

About Mrs. Mackay. Paris Letter

Either on canvas or in person Mme. Mackay is goodly to look upon, and it would never be guessed from her garments that her "pin money" exceeds a queen's allowance. On a time I have in mind she presided over the Eylau palace, a demure figure in soft, dark cashmere, with just the suggestion of ornament in glistening jet sparsely mingled here and there in the dainty fabric. Her figure, indeed, is just what would be called dainty, the manner full of the invitation of reserved kindliness. and her voice having a charm of softness and pervasive sincerity. At a time, too, when our countrymen were deep in the cult of the English pronunciation, Mme. Mackay preserved the clear, distinct and silvery intonation of our own high air that the foreigner is fond of exaggerating into in Europe, a cosmopolitan who had seen and heard all voices in their representative personages, pronounced Mme. Mackay's voice the best attuned she had ever heard. Meissonier's portrait did not give the distinctive charm of the original, and to her friends it gave no sorrow when the famous canvas was "turned down." Whether Mme. Mackay, irritated by the incessant gossip over the Meissonier portrait, did burn it or not I can't say. The story was told circumstantially, but it is just as well to accept it with reserve, as the French say,

A Mistake.

Male Passenger (standing in street car) Madam, you are standing on my foot. Female Passenger (sweetly)-Beg pardon, sir. I thought it belonged to the man sit-

ANOTHER CONFESSION

The Price-Storms Trial Furnishes a Third Surprise,

And It Is Greatly to the Disadvantage of the Two Defendants-Rudesal Talks of the Killing of Horen.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WINCHESTER, Ind., Dec. 7 .- The State put in another faithful day in producing evidence before the jury in the Price-Storms murder trial. The first evidence this morning tended to corroborate with Mr. Canthe position of embassador from the United field, in whose presence and hearing the same took place, the story of Price's confession made at the jail on the morning of the first day of the inquest. Following Mr. Canfield's testimony, the State introduced City Marshal John Coffin, the witness who first discovered the body of the deceased. Mr. Coffin's evidence was to the effect that he called upon the defendant, Price, at the jail in the evening of the first day of August; that he said to Price, "I have seen your father, and he thinks some one was implicated with you in the killing of Brown," that defendant said, "Yes, that is true;" that thereupon he said to witness, "I will tell you all about the matter." He then stated to witness that he took the route (the same described in the Journal yesterday) to the spot where the killing was done; but in this statement he made this additional confession: That he stopped on his way at what is here known as the "Old Cemetery," a cemetery located at the scuthwest corner of the city; that he concealed himself therein and waited until he saw the defendant, Lizzie Storms, pass by, going southward along Western avenue; that he followed her at some distance, she going from the avenue on southward into a road leading south, which is a continuation of the avenue and leads to the road passing east and west on the south of the woods where the killing took place: that he was too far behind Miss Storms to see her; that he reached the woods and concealed himself not far from the south fence; that soon thereafter he saw defendant Storms and deceased come from the road toward the fence; that Brown was in the act of jumping from the fence into the wood when he (Price) sprang from his place of concealment; that deceased said, "What are you doing here, you white --- " That he then fired at deceased, who wheeled and ran north of east; that defendant followed him about forty or fifty yards, gaining on him; that when near him he (deceased) whirled around, and defendant shot him and he fell; that he then dragged the deceased a few feet behind some bushes, robbed him of his gold watch and what money he had, left his body and returned to the road. There he saw defendant Storms and gave her what money he found, but kept the watch; that he told her to go directly across the woods and fields by the route stated by her as taken in her con-fession. Defendant said to witness: "You did not find my track out there, did you?" He further said the reason was that he pulled off his shoes and came to town in his stocking feet; that he went east, wading across a little creek, and then came north to town; that, after proceeding north on Main street, he turned and went to the south part of town, near the organ factory. He saw the defendant Storms on the highway there, gave her the watch, and then they separated, he going home to bed. He further said to witness that if he would go to the paint shop where he (defendant) worked and look under the floor, about the center, he would find his socks, damp and muddy. The witness testified that he found the socks as stated. They were identified and introduced at the trial. The witness further testified that defendant said there was an arrangement between him (Price) and defendant Storms to kill Browne, and that she had carried

out her part; that his part would speak for itself. A vigorous effort was made by the defense to exclude this confession on account of duress or promises on the part of the witness, but, after hearing evidence in the absence of the jury, Judge Reinhart over-ruled the defendant's objections and the

evidence went to the jury. The State has introduced other witnesses to show that trouble existed between defendant and deceased on account of this woman and two other white women, and that Price had on one or two occasions made some general threats. Testimony was introduced showing that Price had said that he was tired of being dogged by deceased, and that when he had accomplished a purpose he had in view he would leave the place and never return. Other witnesses were introduced to show his statements on the day of the inquest. It will take the State another day to complete its case before the defense can begin.

THE KILLING OF HOREN. Rudesal Says He Was Assaulted and Thought His Life in Danger.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LAFAYETTE, Ind., Dec. 7 .- Nothing particularly new was developed in the murder of Michael Horen, last night, by Edward Rudesal. Although there were several persons in and about the office of the hotel and saloon, no one appears to know definitely what the men quarreled about. Rudesal charged Horen with calling him the most offensive name that human lips ever use, and Horen denied it; afterward he t, and was sorry for it. They had a scuffle, and Rudesal had been hit in the face and nose, not by Horen, it is believed, but by a young man named Quivey, who had come to the aid of Horen, the latter being crippled in his arm by reason of a dislocated elbow. Quivey did hit Rudesal several times, his face being battered somewhat, and this is the only explanation that can be given for his using his revolver, he thinking that he was being set upon by Horen and his friends. Horen and Rudesal at one time had shaken hands, and it was thought the difficulty was settled, but later it was renewed on the part of Rudesal, who shot Horen while the men were within a few feet of each other. The action of Rudesal in shooting is a surprise to all his friends. He was quite popular on the Monon, and has always been regarded as a quiet, peaceful man, one whose custom was to allay strife and altercations among his associates, instead of stirring them up. He was a man of unusual strength, weighing perhaps 250 pounds, and was always in good humor. He was forever cracking jokes with the men on the road, and seemed not to have an atom of malice in his nature. On Wednesday he had been drinking, and this may be the true cause of his resort to a revolver, coupled with the presence of the weapon in his pocket. Rudesal has retained Col. Richard P. DeHart and George P. Haywood to defend him, and does not talk to reporters or others about his present unfortunate situation. The probabilities are that there will be no preliminary hearing before Monday. The shooting is the theme of conversation all over the city, and there is considerable feeling over the unfortunate occurrence. Prosecuting Attorney William R. Wood is gathering up all the evidence possible. Rudesal's story, in brief, is that the trouble arose over a game of cards; that he was assaulted by two or three persons, and, believing his life was in danger, he fired. He did not know that he had killed Horen until after he went

MR. LAMB'S PLAN.

Method by Which He Hopes to Keep an Unsuitable Official in Place.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 7.-Mr. John E. Lamb is saying that the statement printed in the Journal to the effect that Scott, whom he (Lamb) had appointed second deputy of the internal revenue office, had been dismissed for cause as a gauger under Collector Manson (Dem.), is a lie. Collector Jump has been trying to learn where the Journal correspondent obtained his information, but so far as known he has not made any effort to learn if the statement is true. Lamb and Jump can easily ascertain the truth of this statement also: That Scott has been dismissed three times from the service. He was dismissed under Collector White for gauging spirits to the benefit of the distillery, but was restored later. Collector Minshall dismissed him. Mr. Minshall is in Terre Haute. Either Lamb or Jump can learn the facts from him. The third time was the instance when he was a gauger under Collector Manson, and when his dismissal was ordered by telegraph from the department at Washington. The

to let the matter drop out of notice. The indications are, however, that the experience of 1885 will be repeated. At that time the bad appointments in the office had to

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

Resolutions Adopted and Officers Chosen by the State Body. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Dec. 7 .- The Indiana State convention of Knights of Labor completed its deliberations to-day. The principles of the organization were reaffirmed, and resolutions were unanimously adopted favoring the employment by the general government of labor to construct and improve the public highways, and to pay for it by issuing full legal-tender treasury notes; asking for legislation compelling State, county and municipal officials to give bond for the faithful performance of their duties; that the volume of money should be increased and maintained at not less than \$50 per capita by the issuing of fullfledged legal-tender treasury notes. The following officers were elected: H. S. Williams, Wabash, master workman; Geo. W. Dermitt, Marion, secretary and treasurer. Executive board-J. E. Ferguson, Fort Wayne; C. W. Alexander, Wabash; R. Hollaway, Tipton; F. J. S. Robinson, Cloverland. The visiting delegates were tendered a banquet and reception at Knights of Labor

NO SALOONS AT OSSIAN.

Hall to-night. The next meeting will be

held at Tipton the second Tuesday in Octo-

ber. 1894 .

Building That Had Been Rented for One Blown to Atoms.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Dec. 7.-There was considerable excitement here to-day, when a telephone message was received from Ossian, sixteen miles south, stating that an explosion had occurred in the heart of that little town. About 3 o'clock this morning a terrific explosion aroused the citizens, who were soon on the streets. They found that a building owned by one Tennaire had been blown to atoms and the store building of Hatfield Bros adjoining badly damaged. One man was slightly injured. The people of Ossian have been fighting saloons for several years, and only a few months ago bought out and closed up the last one in the village. A man from Bluffton had rented the Tennaire building, ordered a stock of liquors and intended to open a groggery this morning. Some of the citizens were bound he should no open it, and he didn't. Who the dynamiters are can only be surmised and persons who know say there will be no investigation.

Almost Asphyxiated.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 7.-Mr. Dan Reibold and his grown daughter narrowly escaped death by asphyxiation this morning. At 5 o'clock Mrs. Refbold told her husband that she smelled gas, and he went to the cellar to investigate. There was an explosion, and he ran upstairs calling for some one to get water. The daughter did so, and with her father went into the cellar. Mrs. Reibold learned that they were overcome by gas, and by rare presence of mind and extraordinary physical strength dragged Mr. Reibold and the daughter through the cellar window. For several hours it was thought both would die, but their recovery is now assured. There had been trouble with the meter, but the exact cause of the explosion has not yet been ascertained. Mr. Reibold is a brother of the landlord of the Hotel Bates, Indianapolis.

John Bull at Union City.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. UNION CITY, Ind., Dec. 7 .- "John Bull," No. 1, the oldest engine in America, with its train of (two) Camden & Amboy coaches, passed through this city at 3 p. m. to-day, en route from the world's fair to Philadelphia. This famous old relic was built by and made its first trip over the Camden & Amboy railroad Nov. 12, 1831. It is owned by the Pennsylvania Company, and is being taken to Philadelphia, where it is kept. It left Chicago Wednesday morning at o'clock, and expects to arrive at its destination Tuesday evening, making daylight runs only, and a schedule time of fifteen miles an hour. The train was heavily guarded, and was followed up with a "special" train carrying the officials of the road. Fully two thousand people saw this historical engine and train here.

Forger Caught After Ten Years.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., Dec. 7 .- A fugitive from justice who has been in hiding nearly ten years was arrested in this city to-day. Granville Davis, formerly of Dayton, O., was the victim. Years ago Davis sold a tract of land to John Young, receiving \$2,400 consideration. The sale proved to be a fraudulent one, as the land was public domain belonging to Cincinnati. Davis made good his escape and lived in the West. About a year ago he came to Anderson and has since been employed in one of the factories. At noon to-day Deputy Sheriff J. T. McWilliams, of Dayton, O., arrived and discovered his man on the public square. After a stubborn resistance the forger was placed under arrest and lodged in jail. The deputy left to-night with his prisoner for Dayton.

Succumbed to the Stringency.

ANDERSON, Ind., Dec. 7 .- Profound regret was expressed by all classes of Andersonians to-day when it became known that R. P. Grimes, of this city, one of the leading merchants in the gas belt, had made a temporary assignment to W. T. Durbin. of the Citizens' Bank. The liabilities will said if he had ever used it he did not know ferred creditors. Nominal assets are fully equal to that amount. The linancial stringency was the sole cause. It is expected that the big cash store of which Mr.Grimes was proprietor will soon be reopened.

Tin-Plate Factory for Anderson.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., Dec. 7. - Madison county is to be the center of the tin-plate industry. John M. Williams, a prominent citizen of Summitville, and president of one of the land syndicates, said to the Journal correspondent to-day that Chicago and Eastern capitalists had formed a company for the manufacture of tin and terne-plate. whose factory would locate in that city. The new industry is capitalized at \$400,000, and will employ five hundred men.

Dreadful Death of a Child. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Dec. 7.-While Clara Wilhoyte, the five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Wilhoyte, who reside near this city, was standing before the grate, Monday night, her dress caught fire, and she was terribly burned before the flames could be extinguished. She lingered in terrible agony until late last evening, when she expired. This is the third case of the kind in this county the last

Widow Robbed of \$315. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ELKHART, Ind., Dec. 7.-Last night the home of Mrs. Mary Mahoney, a widow. was entered during the absence of the family and \$315 stolen from a bureau, where it had been placed a short time before. The money had been drawn from the bank during the afternoon, and was to have been applied in paying for the family home to-

End of a Potato-Patch Tragedy. MARION, Ind., Dec. 7 .- The case of the State vs. Martin Adamson, who shot and killed Abe Stumpff, two months ago, in the Lemon potato patch, resulted to-day in a verdict of two years in the penitentiary. The verdict describes the crime as involuntary manslaughter.

LA PORTE, Ind., Dec. 7.-Grip has broken out among the 850 inmates of the Prison North at Michigan City. Seventyfive cases have already occurred. Many guards are ill and have had to be replaced

Grip in the Northern Prison.

Charged with Forgery. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DELPHI, Ind., Dec. 7.-Stewart Unroe. of Flora, was brought over here and lodged in jail yesterday, charged with forgery. He altered a grain receipt. He served a year in the penitentiary some time ago for bur-

by outsiders.

A Fall Caused His Death. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELKHART, Ind., Dec. 7.—Benjamin Stutsman, a well-known resident of this vicinity, died to-day, aged eighty-five years.

His death was the result of a fall. Indiana Notes. There is much complaint at Union City because of the failure of the Dayton & Union

scheme is to deny the statement, and, as and Big Four passenger trains to make no publication of the facts is made here, connections for the west. The Seymour postoffice war is over, and Mr. George D. Price, a young druggist, has received the appointment. The term of the present postmaster, Philip Wilhelm, does not expire until the 19th of the present

> month, and there will probably be no change until the first of the year. The Jackson County Commissioners have appointed Mr. William Humes to fill out the unexpired term of township trustee, which office was held by his father at the time of his death. Mr. Humes is but twentythree years old, is said to be a fine business man and well qualified to fill the of-

Moses Heron Post, G. A. R., No. 261, at Farmland, has selected the following officers for the ensuing year: Commander, M. W. Harris; S. V. C., M. F. Hubbard; J. V. C., A. W. Clevenger; Q. M., S. S. Clark; chaplain, G. W. Mills; O. D., G. W. Worl; O. G. W. W. Fowler. W. J. Bennett was elected representative to the department encamp-

DETERMINED TO DIE.

Mrs. Halliday Makes Another Attempt to End Her Life.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., Dec. 7.-Mrs. Paul Halliday, who is confined in the Monticello (Sullivan county) ail for the murder of the McQuilland woman and her husband, Paul Halliday, during the past month made a number of unsuccessful attempts to take her own life by starvation and by setting fire to the bed clothing in her cell, to-day, outdid all her past efforts by hanging herself to her cell door. She used the binding from the bottom of dress. At 1 o'clock to-day the sheriff visited Mrs. Halliday for the purpose of giving her her dinner, and on entering the door he saw her apparently lifeless body hanging from the iron grating over the door. He entered the cell, and with the aid of his assistants took the body down Restoratives were administered, but it was jail physician visited her later and found her in a very weak condition. 'He says she had a very narrow escape, but will probably be all right in a few days. On examination it was found that she had torn the binding from the bottom of her dress and made a slipping noose which she placed around her neck and fastened the other end to the iron grating over the door.

SATOLLI CHALLENGED.

A Presbyterian Wants to Debate the Public School Question.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 - S.me of the statements contained in the address made in this city Thanksgiving day by Mgr. Satolli on the school question, which were published at the time, have been considerably commented on, especially among the Protestant clergy of this city. Today Scott E. Hershey, pastor of Sixth Presbyterian Church, has forwarded to the papal ablegate challenge to meet him in public debate on certain of the statements made by him respecting schools. The proposition which Mr. Hershey invites Mgr. Satolli to debate is as follows: "Under the Constitution, bearing in mind the spirit which underlies our institutions, do public or Catholic schools best promote, develop and maintain all the interests which belong to the American people as guaranteed by constitutional and statuary law?"

A STOLEN CHICKEN. Incident of Relief Work Among Goge-

bic Miners. Detroit Free Press. Someone stole a chicken from the supply house last night, and thereby hangs a story. It was the only chicken which has been seen at the supply house since it started. In a miserable shanty lay a poor girl, tossing in fever, who had been deserted by her husband when the hard times came. She is an interesting, high-spirited girl, whose people are wealthy over in Fin-Her husband was not poor,

votion when their sympathies are aroused -that one of the ladies of the relief society saw the chicken. "How I wish that chicken was mine, she thought. "There is that poor girl who is about to become a mother and who is

when the mines closed he simply left the

young woman. Now it is said-this por-

tion of the story is not related with posi-

tiveness as to its accuracy, and yet the

ladies here are capable of the utmost de-

With that - it is whispered - the good lady, who has been untiring in her zeal, took the chicken, and placing it under her shawl, walked out with a face as red as a rose and her eyes sparkling with anticipation. She went to the clothing department of the society, and putting down the chicken for a moment, missed it. A certain alderman had seen it, and with wonderful dexterity placed it beneath his greatcoat

"It will do for that poor girl who is ill he thought. Then the alderman quietly slipped out On his way to the house he felt chilled by the wind and stopped at a certain place to get a nip to prepare him for his cold tramp. He laid down his chicken for a moment, poured out a generous supply of liquor, lifted his glass, closed his eyes, set down his glass, breathed a sigh of satisfaction, turned to pick up the chicken, and -lo!-it was gone. A certain doctor had stood by his side. The doctor espied the "I never stole anything in my life, thought the doctor, "but I should like that

bird. There's that girl I am treating. Poor child! I guess I'll take it. The bird disappeared in one of his capacious pockets, and the doctor shot out of the door, sprang into his cutter and dashed merrily away. In half an hour the chicken was boiling in the pot, and the doctor was bending over the poor girl. "I think you are getting better," he said. Soon the broth served, the lady who had first confiscated the bird and the gentleman who had taken it from her walked in. They came with some slight offering, disappointed that they did not have a chicken to bring. Then both lifted their hands in amazement as they saw the chicken and the broth "Well," said the lady, "I don't care much so long as the chicken got here." And she bent over the girl's bed and said, softly: "How bright you are looking, today, my girl!"

Traveling by Families.

Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph. The joke that husband and wife should travel on railways for a single ticket because when they are married they are one. goes half way to being a fact in some European countries. In Austria-Hungary a wife who travels with her husband can go for half fare, the husband paying the full rate for himself. Children of the same family, between the ages of six and twelve, travel for one-third fare. If there are more than two of them the wholesale rate is el at half fare betwen the ages of twelve and twenty. In Norway, too, married couples can trav-

el for a fare and a half for the two. The liberal rates quoted for families are no doubt encouraging to matrimony, and are chaser of a great deal of transportation is entitled to lower rates than the individual who only buys a ride for himself.

The "National Democracy." NEW YORK, Dec. 7-The new O'Brien Democracy met in the St. Cloud Hotel tonight and formally named itself the "National Democracy." John Monks presided, and James A. Moore acted as secretary, It was resolved to affiliate with any organization opposed to Tammanyism. There was little speech making and not a very great deal of enthusiasm either.

Very Likely.

Hartford Currant. It seems probable that Secretary Smith and his principal at the White House will be more thoroughly informed as to the sentiments of the old soldiers and as to public sentiment generally before the close of the session than they are at present.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 7.-The second half of broken freight train on the Chesapeake & Ohio road, running forty miles an hour, jumped the track near Mabrey. Engineer Stocker and fireman Hain were killed and a brakeman injured.

Two Killed and One Injured.

Hunton for Senator. RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 7.—The Democratic members of the Legislature assembled in caucus to-night and nominated Gen. Eppa Hunton for the United States Senate, for short term, by acclamation.

Eleven Bodies Recovered. HIGHLAND LIGHT, Dec. 7.-Bodies of the drowned sailors from the wrecked ship Jason are beginning to come up in the undertow. The life-saving men have recovered eleven bodies.

Pub white of an egg over the bottom crust of pieplant, berry or other pies, to prevent their becoming soggy and indigestiHighest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report

ABSOLUTELY PURE

APPLYING FOR WORK

Most of the Old Employes of the Lehigh File Applications.

A Few Hotheads Still Holding Out for Reinstatement of All the Strikers -Other Labor News.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Dec. 7 .- Most of the old employes of the Lehigh Valley railroad n South Bethlehem have now sent in their applications for work again. While the terms are not altogether as satisfactory as the men expected they say there is no use now in showing dissatisfaction or stubbornness, but that they will endeavor to get back to work as quickly as possible Many of the strikers are already at work. General Manager Voorhees said to-day; "There was naturally some feeling of disappointment when the men learned the terms of the agreement, but they have slept on them and this morning applications for work are coming in. Everything to-day is as well as could be expected, and it will only be a very short time before the affairs of the road will be in the same good order as before the tie-up."

'Chairman Gauslin, of the Firemen's Brotherhood, said to-night that he was very well satisfied with the terms of the agreement, and thought the men were also "Of course," said the general chairman, "there are some hot-headed ones who will stick out to the last, but such actions now are very unreasonable and useless. We know that all the men cannot be employed at once. The company's rolling stock i not in condition now to hire all the men who struck, even though it desired to do so. But we believe that Mr. Wilbur is a man of his word, and that the men will be taken back as quickly as work is had for

At Mauch Chunk the strike is all over The old men have reported and about onehalf have already been employed. A non union crew deserted a train about a mi above there this evening. The yards at Packerton are being cleared, and in a few days coal will be moving regularly. F. W. Prentice, deputy grand master of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, located at Rochester, received the following lispatch to-day from the strikers' headquarters, Wilkesbarre, Pa.: " Have all men report for duty at once; walt for superintendent's reply. We go back as one man or not at all." Prentice said to a reporter: "If the company takes one of us back it must take us all. Otherwise the settlement made on Tuesday is void. To all intents and purposes the strike is still

Could Not Agree.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 7.-The conference between the business men and the executive committee of the strikers and millowners, Messrs. Charles E. Fletcher and Charles Farwell, this afternoon lasted four hours and resulted in further complications The strikers were anxious that the little difference existing between them and the manufacturers should be adjusted. They signified their willingness to return to work on the same basis as did the operatives of the Saxon mill last Monday, but this the owners of the Providence, National Saranac, Taft, Weeden and Weibossett mills would not accede to. The business men requested that the manufacturers grant a slight concession, but this they would not agree to and, as a result, the committee gave up the task of adjusting the strike.

Low Rate for Puddling.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 7 .- The puddlers employed by the Oxford Iron and Nail Company, of Oxford, N. J., have gone to work at \$2.50 a ton. This is the lowest rate paid for boiling in the United States. The information was received to-day by the American Manufacturer. The firm agrees to insure fifteen days steady work in every month and the terms have been accepted by the men. The Oxford plant has 103 nail machines and four trains of rolls, a ten-inch, twelve-inch and two twentythree-inch mills, twenty-six puddling furnaces and an annual capacity of 300,000

Miners Need \$150,000.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 7.-Governor Rich stated to-day that it was not improbable that a special session of the Legislature would be called to consider the matter of relief for the upper peninsula miners. It is estimated that \$150,000 will be needed to tide them over until May 1. He is preparng to make a personal investigation, and will decide about a special session on his

\$50,000 for the Poor.

DANBURY, Conn., Dec. 7 .- At the meeting of the town selectmen this afternoon | usually rich in illustrations and decorative as ready, and when it was about to be \$50,000 was appropriated to provide employment and otherwise relieve the poor of this community. The City Hall where the meeting was held was crowded with the locked-out hatters, but no remarks were made and the meeting lasted only five minutes.

Many Families in Need. SPRINGFIELD, O., Dec. 7 .- Dr. Henry Baldwin, a physician for the poor of this city and township, reports that seven hundred families have applied to the authori-

ties for bread, clothing and coal. DECEMBER MAGAZINES.

The Engineering Magazine opens with a

paper by the editor of the London Engineering Review, in which he gives some views of the Columbian Exposition and discusses the question as to the benefit likely to accrue to this country and to exhibitors. He confesses to disappointment as to the exreduced to one-fourth fare. They can trav- hibits of mining and metallurgy, these being matters in which he was especially interested, and which fell short of his expectations. He accounts for the failure of British manufacturers to exhibit extensively by based on the sound principle that the pur- | the resentment they felt at the workings of the McKinley tariff law, though he hastens to add that the damage infficted on British trade interests is not nearly so great as at one time anticipated. He also acknowledges, ingenuously, that, though the typical Britisher made up his mind to let Brother Jonathan and his exhibition severely alone, "it does not appear as if the exposition had suffered greatly in consequence, and if any suffering should follow this most natural action it may easily fall on the British industrial himself." Among other subjects treated in this issue are "Causes of Failure in 'Boom' Towns," "The Iron Ore Region of Lake Superior," "History of Strikes in America." "Architecture as a Profession," "Electric Power at the World's Fair," and "American and Other Patent Systems,"

> The Southern Magazine comes out in a Christmas dress of white, decorated with drawings of holly and mistletoe, and its literary features are of excellent character. While it retains the Southern flavor it does not confine itself entirely to literature distinctive of that region, and in the broadening of its field has proportionately improved. A very well written paper on "The South in American Literature," is offered by John Richard Meades. Other contribuors of stories, sketches and poems are Adalaide D. Rollston, C. W. Tyler, Maurice Thompson, Madison Cawein and Frank L. Stanton. The editorial features are under the direction of Gen. Basil Duke, Louisville,

Goldthwaite's Geographical Magazine is said to have been adopted in many schools of the country as a supplementary reader. It is not only admirably adapted to this use, but is also of value to readers of newspapers, and all who wish especial information concerning people and places brought to notice in the news of the day. Geographical knowledge soon grows rusty, and it is only by constant reference to the latest authorities that even the most indefatigable readers and students are kept accurately informed. The desired facts are furnished them in attractive and convenient form in this maga- | New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND — To-NIGHT And Saturday matinee and evening, Thatcher, Rich

GRAND Extra

Regular prices, 25c to \$1. Matinee, 25c and 50c.

One week, beginning MONDAY, DEC. 11, the Miss MARLOWE,

popular interpretations, ROSALIND, VIOLA, BE-ATRICE, JULIET, JULIA and CONSTANCE. Monday evening and Tuesday eve., saturday matinee, "AS YOU LIKE IT." "THE LOVE CHASE." Thursday eve. Wednesday evening. "MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING," "TWELFTH NIGHT." | ROMEO AND JULIET. Prices-Nights, gallery, 25c; balcony, 50c and 75c. orchestra and dress circle, \$1; side boxes, \$1 50 stage boxes. \$2. Matinee: all up stairs, 25c; dress

circle, 50c; orchestra and side boxes, 75c; stage boxes,

\$1.50. SPECIAL PROGRAMMES, inscribed with the

names of hosts and guests, furnished to theater

parties of 20 or more. Lists must be left at box office three days in advance. SEATS NOW ON SALE, &

PARK THEATER

A. Y. PEARSON'S Mammoth Production,

A SPORTING DRAMA OF TO DAY. Popular Prices-10, 20 and 30 cents. Next week-Gray-Stephens Co. in 'Signal Lights."

TOTO IN THEATER

Matinee at 2, 10c, To night at 8. 15c, 25c. COMEDIANS MISS HELENE MUNA

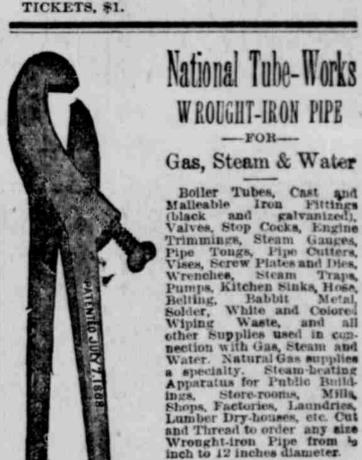
The Great "Female Baritone."

2nd ANNUAL BALL, -GIVEN BY THE -

Next Week-Sam Devere's Own Co.

---AT---Tomlinson Hall, FRIDAY, Dec. 8, 8:30 P. M.

German Ladies' Aid Society,



Knight & Jillson, S. PENNSYLVAN IA ST

zine. Price \$2 a year. 79 Nassau street New York.

The Art Amateur for December is undesigns, while its literary features are varied and interesting. Among the subjects considered by well-known writers in art are: "Art in Public Schools and Colleges," "British Painting at the World's Fair," "The Holy Family in Art." "Drawing for Beginners," "Flower Painting in Oil," and "The Painting of Children." Color plates are "Jacqueminot Roses," "Three Little Kittens" and "A New England Home-

The American Woman's Illustrated World

of Dec. 2 (New York) is a special Indian-

apolis edition, its first page containing portraits of eight Indianapolis women, namely, Mrs. Zerelda Wallace, Mrs. May Wright Sewall, Miss Catharine Merrill, Dr. Mary Spink, Miss Nebraska Cropsey, Miss Laura Ream, Mrs. Zelda-Seguin Wallace and Miss Margaret Reid. Following is an article by Frances Ross on "Some Distinguished Women of Indianapolis. A writer whose name does not appear contributes some very pleasing, if not prac-

tical, notions on "Ideal Transit" to the Atlantic Monthly. His plan is that of an elevated trolley line, even for long-distance passenger traffic, the service to be simplified by the electric automatic contrivances which will do away with the numerous brakemen and other employes whose hire now adds to the cost of travel. The other articles in the number are of the usual high literary order.

The Etude for December is crowded with articles of practical benefit to every teacher or student of music. Among the subjects treated are "How to Listen to an Artist," "Lecture Recitals," "Music in the Household," "Vocalizing and Singing," "Practical Use of Music Clubs," "Music Patents," "Piano Playing in Public" and "Habits of Practice." Several musical compositions are given in each number of this excellent periodical. Philadelphia.

St. Nicholas for December is a mine of literary treasures. It opens with a delightful story by Rudyard Kipling, describing a dance of wild elephants and the adventures of "Little Toomai" among the beasts. Mark Twain, Kate Douglas Wiggin, George W. Cable, Edmund C. Stedman and other well-known writers are among the contributors to the number, which is larger in size than ever before,

A novel by Capt, Charles King, called "Sergeant Croesus," occupies the greater part of the December Lippincott, It is a ory of life at a frontier army post and is in this popular writer's best style.

Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, Dec. 7.-Arrived: Lahn and Stuttgart, from Bremen; Noruland, from

Antwerp LONDON, Dec. 7 .- Sighted: Obdam and Bohemia, from New York. QUEENSTOWN, Dec. 7 .- Arrived: Germanic, from New York. LIVERPOOL, Dec. 7 .- Arrived: Nomadic, from New York.

BREMEN, Dec. 7 .- Arrived: Ader, from